

# **TREK**

## **CCSDS FILE DELIVERY PROTOCOL (CFDP) CONSOLE**

### **USER GUIDE**



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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>PARAGRAPH</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
<b>1 Welcome.....</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1 Getting Started .....	1
1.2 System Requirements.....	1
<b>2 Technical Support.....</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>3 Introduction.....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>4 Overview of the User Interface.....</b>	<b>6</b>
4.1 Console Menu .....	6
<b>5 Quick Start Guides .....</b>	<b>12</b>
5.1 How to Configure the Application .....	12
5.2 How to Turn on Message Logging.....	18
5.3 How to Turn on Statistics Logging .....	19
5.4 How to Turn on Metrics Logging .....	22
<b>6 Details.....</b>	<b>23</b>
6.1 Configuration .....	23
6.2 Transaction.....	24
6.3 Messages and Message Logging .....	24
<b>7 FAQ and Troubleshooting .....</b>	<b>24</b>
7.1 Is There an Easy Way to Transfer the Contents of a Directory? .....	24
7.2 What is class1 and class2? .....	25
7.3 What is “////”? .....	25
7.4 Source and Destination Constraints .....	25
7.5 My File Starts to Transfer and Then Stops .....	25
7.6 Transfer Results When Item Exists At Destination.....	25
7.7 Important Things To Know When Using The Get Primitive .....	26
7.8 How Does Suspend Transactions Work? .....	26

## TABLES

<u>TABLES</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
Table 1 ION CFDP Filestore Directives.....	4
Table 2 ION CFDP Filestore Format .....	4
Table 3 ION CFDP Transmission Parameters .....	5
Table 4 TReK CFDP Configuration File Parameters .....	18
Table 5 Device Statistics .....	21
Table 6 Packet Statistics .....	22
Table 7 CFDP Metrics.....	23

## 1 Welcome

The Telescience Resource Kit (TReK) is a suite of software applications and libraries that can be used to monitor and control assets in space or on the ground.

The TReK CFDP console application provides the capability to transfer files using the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) File Delivery Protocol (CFDP).

### 1.1 Getting Started

Start with the Introduction which provides an application overview. Next, try the Quick Start Guides for “How Tos” for common functions. For help with details, reference the Details section. See the FAQ and Troubleshooting section for helpful hints and solutions to the common “gotchas”.

### 1.2 System Requirements

Windows 7, Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.x.

## 2 Technical Support

If you are having trouble installing the TReK software or using any of the TReK software applications, please try the following suggestions:

Read the corresponding material in the manual and/or on-line help.

Ensure that you are correctly following all instructions.

Checkout the TReK Web site at <http://trek.msfc.nasa.gov/> for Frequently Asked Questions.

If you are still unable to resolve your difficulty, please contact us for technical assistance:

TReK Help Desk E-Mail, Phone & Fax:

E-Mail:	<a href="mailto:trek.help@nasa.gov">trek.help@nasa.gov</a>
Telephone:	256-544-3521 (7:00 a.m. - 3:30 p.m. Central Time)
Fax:	256-544-9353

TReK Help Desk hours are 7:00 a.m. – 3:30 p.m. Central Time Monday through Friday. If you call the TReK Help Desk and you get a recording please leave a message and someone will return your call. E-mail is the preferred contact method for help. The e-mail message is automatically forwarded to the TReK developers and helps cut the response time.

### 3 Introduction

The TReK CFDP console application provides the capability to transfer files using the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS) File Delivery Protocol (CFDP). The application uses the TReK CFDP library to provide CFDP functionality through a menu of console application command line primitives.

The CCSDS File Delivery Protocol (CFDP) was developed by the Consultative Committee for Space Data Systems (CCSDS). Official specifications are contained in a CCSDS document called the CFDP Blue Book (available at [www.ccsds.org](http://www.ccsds.org)). The CFDP protocol provides reliable transfer of files from one computer (entity) to another, and has been designed to work well over space links. It can be used to perform space to ground, ground to space, and ground to ground file transfers.

CFDP requires a sender and a receiver. The sender and receiver must be configured and running at the same time to perform a file transfer. Each party is referred to as an “Entity”. The sender is an entity and the receiver is an entity. Each “Entity” must have a unique Entity ID. For example:



**Figure 1 CFDP Sender and Receiver**

To move a file from one computer to another, you will enter one or more CFDP Commands (primitives) to indicate the action to be taken. The syntax of a primitive is as follows:

[CFDP Directive] [Transmission] [source-path] [remote-EID] [destination-path]

The TReK CFDP console application provides support for CFDP over User Datagram Protocol (UDP) and CFDP over Bundle Protocol (BP) using the Jet Propulsion Lab (JPL) Interplanetary Overlay Network (ION) Delay Tolerant Networking software. The CFDP over UDP configuration option is referred to as Native CFDP. The CFDP over BP configuration option is referred to as ION CFDP. In the Native CFDP configuration, the application uses UDP sockets and a Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC) CFDP library that performs the CFDP work. In the ION CFDP configuration, the TReK CFDP console application communicates with the ION software which performs the CFDP work.

There are differences in capabilities and syntax between the CFDP Native mode and the ION CFDP mode. These differences are summarized below.

#### Native CFDP Configuration

The syntax of a primitive is as follows:

[CFDP Directive] [Transmission] [source-path] [remote-EID] [destination-path]

Native CFDP Example: put class2 D:\file1.txt 2 /home/kirk/file1.txt

The TReK CFDP console application currently supports two CFDP directives in the Native CFDP mode: put and get. These are defined as follows:

put: to copy one file from the local entity to the remote entity.  
get: to copy one file from the remote entity to the local entity.

Valid Transmission values are class1 or class2. Class1 does not guarantee reliable delivery of the file to the destination. Class2 does ensure reliable delivery.

The file you want to transfer is considered the “Source” and the location it should be transferred to is considered the “Destination”.

Note: Native CFDP does not allow spaces in Source and Destination entries

### ION CFDP Configuration

The syntax of a primitive is as follows:

[CFDP Directive] [Transmission] [source-path] [remote-EID] [destination-path]

ION CFDP Example: put /// “D:\file1.txt” 2 “/home/kirk/file1.txt”

The TReK CFDP console application currently supports multiple CFDP directives in the ION CFDP mode. This includes get and put, multiple filestore directives, and the message directive. These are defined in the following table as follows:

Directive	Description
append_file	append a file at the remote entity to another file at the remote entity.
create_dir	create a directory at the remote entity.
create_file	create an empty file at the remote entity.
delete_file	delete a file at the remote entity.
deny_dir	delete a directory at the remote entity. (like <i>remove_dir</i> , but does not fail if the directory does not exist)
deny_file	delete a file at the remote entity. (like <i>delete_file</i> , but does not fail if the file does not exist)
get	copy one file from the remote entity to the local entity.
message	send a text string to the remote entity.
put	copy one file from the local entity to the remote entity.
remove_dir	delete a directory at the remote entity.

rename_file	rename a file at the remote entity.
replace_file	replace a file at the remote entity with another file at the remote entity.

**Table 1 ION CFDP Filestore Directives**

Some directives only require a Source. The following table describes what is required for Source and Destination for each directive. Name of file, filename, and name of directory refer to an absolute path.

<b>Directive</b>	<b>Source (first file)</b>	<b>Destination (second file)</b>
append_file	name of file whose contents form first part of new file and name of the new file	name of file whose contents will form second part of new file
create_dir	name of directory to be created	
create_file	filename to be created	
delete_file	filename to be deleted	
deny_dir	name of directory to be deleted	
deny_file	filename to be deleted	
get	filename for file retrieved	filename of file to retrieve
message	message	
put	filename of file to send	filename for file stored
remove_dir	Name of directory to be deleted	
rename_file	old filename	new filename
replace_file	filename whose contents are to be replaced	filename whose contents will replace the contents of the first filename

**Table 2 ION CFDP Filestore Format**

ION CFDP supports spaces in Source and Destination entries. When entering a Source or Destination in a CFDP command line, it must be encapsulated in double quotes.

The Transmission entry for ION CFDP is composed of five properties. Once these properties are configured, a “////” string is used to indicate that the pre-configured values should be used. The “////” nomenclature is shorthand notation for the following combination of values:

Lifespan/Bundle Protocol Class of Service/Expedited Priority Ordinal/Transmission Mode/Criticality

When the values are empty it indicates that pre-configured values should be used for these properties.

A summary of the Transmission properties is provided in the following table. For details, please reference section 5.1 Table 4.

<b>Property</b>	<b>Description</b>
Lifespan	The lifespan is the bundle's "time to live" (TTL) in

	seconds. The bundle is destroyed if its TTL has expired and it has not reached its destination.
Bundle Protocol Class of Service	The Bundle Protocol Class of Service defines the transmission priority of outbound bundles from three ION priority queues corresponding to bulk, standard, and expedited priorities. The expedited priority queue must be empty before bundles in the standard or bulk queues are serviced by ION. Therefore, bundles with expedited priority should only be sent in critical/emergency situations.
Expedited Priority Ordinal	The expedited priority ordinal is only associated with the expedited priority class of service.
Transmission Mode	The transmission mode defines the reliability of bundle delivery to a destination. The three transmission modes supported are best effort, assured, and assured with custody transfer.
Criticality	A critical bundle is one that has to reach its destination as soon as is physically possible. For this reason, bundles flagged as critical may not include custody transfer and require an ION configuration with contact graph routing. In some cases, a critical bundle may be sent over multiple routes to ensure delivery to its final destination. Critical bundles are placed in the expedited priority queue and should only be used in emergency situations.

**Table 3 ION CFDP Transmission Parameters**

Note: The Get directive is not supported in all ISS CFDP implementations. It is supported by TReK when both the sender and receiver are TReK CFDP implementations (TReK CFDP application, TReK CFDP console application, or TReK CFDP Library).

In addition to this application, TReK also includes a CFDP Graphical User Interface (GUI) application and a CFDP library. If you need command line CFDP functionality onboard a spacecraft consider using the TReK CFDP console application. Source code for the console application is provided in the TReK example directory. If you need CFDP functionality without a command line interface, the CFDP destination application may meet your requirements. The source code for the CFDP destination application is also found in the TReK example directory. If you need CFDP functionality on the ground consider using the TReK CFDP GUI application. If you need to include CFDP functionality in your own application, consider using the TReK CFDP library.



## 4 Overview of the User Interface

### 4.1 Console Menu

The CFDP console application command primitives are described below.

- To put a file on another platform:

#### Native CFDP Configuration

put <class1,class2> <source pathname> <destination entity id> <destination pathname>  
(e.g., put class2 /home/user/fileA.txt 2 /home/user/fileB.txt)

#### ION CFDP Configuration

put <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"src path"> <dest EID> <"dest path">  
(e.g., put 86400/STD\_PRIORITY/0/ASSURED/NOT\_CRITICAL "D:/test a" 100 "D:/test b")

Executes a single “put” transaction by transferring a copy of a file from the local platform to the destination platform.

- To put a directory of files on another platform:

#### Native CFDP Configuration

put <class1,class2> <source pathname> <destination entity id> <destination pathname>  
(e.g., put class2 /home/user/ 2 D:/)

#### ION CFDP Configuration

put <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"src path"> <dest EID> <"dest path">  
(e.g., put 86400/STD\_PRIORITY/// "/home/user/" 100 "D:/")

Executes a “put” transaction for all the files in the specified directory by transferring copies of the files from the local platform to the destination platform.

- To get a file from another platform:

#### Native CFDP Configuration

get <class1,class2> <source pathname> <source entity id> <destination pathname>  
(e.g., get class2 /home/user/fileB.txt 2 D:/fileA.txt)

#### ION CFDP Configuration

get <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"src path"> <src EID> <"dest path">  
(e.g., get ///ASSURED\_WITH\_CUSTODY\_TRANSFER / "D:/test a" 100 "D:/test b")

Executes a single “get” transaction by transferring a copy of a file from the remote platform to the local platform.

- To get a directory of files from another platform:

#### Native CFDP Configuration

get <class1,class2> <source pathname> <source entity id> <destination pathname>  
 (e.g., get class2 D:/ 2 /home/user/)

#### ION CFDP Configuration

get <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"src path"> <src EID> <"dest path">  
 (e.g., get /// "/home/user/" 100 "D:/")

Executes a “get” transaction for all the files in the specified directory by transferring copies of the files from the remote platform to the local platform.

- To execute a filestore directive:

#### ION CFDP Configuration

<action> <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"1st path"> <dest EID>  
 (e.g., create\_file /// "D:/test a" 100)

Or

<action> <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"1st path"> <dest EID> <"2<sup>nd</sup> path">  
 (e.g., rename\_file / "D:/test a" 100 "D:/test b")

Executes a filestore directive on remote platform. For a complete listing of the filestore directives see Section 3 Table 1.

- To send a message to a remote platform:

#### ION CFDP Configuration

message <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"message"> <dest EID>  
 (e.g., message / "Hello world" 100)

Sends a message to a remote platform.

- To add a put primitive to a list:

#### Native CFDP Configuration

add put <class1 or 2> <source pathname> <destination EID> <destination pathname>  
 (e.g., add put class2 /home/user/fileA.txt 2 D:/fileB.txt)

#### ION CFDP Configuration

add put <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"src path"> <dest EID> <"dest path">  
 (e.g., put 86400/STD\_PRIORITY/0/ASSURED/NOT\_CRITICAL "D:/test a" 100 "D:/test b")

Adds a “put” primitive to a list of “put” primitives. The “put” primitives are not executed until a “send” command is executed.

- To add a get primitive to a list:

Native CFDP Configuration

add get <class1 or 2> <source pathname> < source EID ><destination pathname>  
(e.g., add get class2 /home/user/fileA.txt 2 /home/user/fileB.txt)

ION CFDP Configuration

add get <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"src path"> <src EID> <"dest path">  
(e.g., get /// "D:/test a" 100 "D:/test b")

Adds a “get” primitive to a list of “get” primitives. The “get” primitives are not executed until a “send” command is executed.

- To add a filestore primitive to a list:

ION CFDP Configuration

add <action> <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"1st path"> <dest EID>  
(e.g., add create\_file /// "D:/test a" 100)

Adds a “filestore” primitive to a list of “filestore” primitives. The “filestore” primitives are not executed until a “send” command is executed.

- To add a message primitive to a list:

ION CFDP Configuration

Add message <life>/<cos>/<ord>/<mode>/<crit> <"message"> <dest EID>  
(e.g., add message / "Hello world" 100)

Adds a “message” primitive to a list of “message” primitives. The “message” primitives are not executed until a “send” command is executed.

- To read a file of primitives and add to a list:

process <primitive pathname>  
(e.g., process D:/toolkit\_cfdp\_primitives.txt)

Reads a file of primitives and adds them to the appropriate CFDP primitive lists. All valid primitive files must begin with the text string "primitive\_version 1 NATIVE\_CFD" or "primitive\_version 1 ION\_CFD" on a single line. The number "1" in the text is a version number that may be incremented in future releases. Files that do not contain the primitive version text string are considered invalid and will not be read. You may not mix Native CFDP primitives and ION CFDP primitives in the same primitive file.

- To remove all primitives from a list:

remove

Removes all the primitives from the primitive lists.

- To send/execute all primitives in a list:

send

Executes all the primitives from the primitive lists.

.

- To record all primitives in a list:

record prim <pathname>  
(e.g., record prim D:/cfdp\_prim.txt)

Records the primitives from the primitive lists to a file.

- To suspend all CFDP transactions:

windows os: ctrl-break or ctrl-fn-pause or ctrl-fn-right shift  
linux os: ctrl-c

Suspends all the CFDP transactions.

- To resume all CFDP transactions:

resume

Resumes all the CFDP transactions.

- To cancel a CFDP transaction:

cancel <transaction id>  
(e.g., cancel 1\_1)

Cancels a CFDP transaction by specifying the transaction ID assigned to the transaction.

- To cancel all CFDP transactions:

cancel all

Cancels all the CFDP transactions.

- To report on a CFDP transaction:

```
report <transaction id>
(e.g., report 1_1)
```

Displays a status report on CFDP transaction by specifying the ID assigned to the transaction.

- To report on all CFDP transactions:

```
report all
or
r
```

Displays a status report on all the CFDP transactions.

- To display progress messages:

```
prog
```

Display progress messages on all the CFDP transactions.

- To stop displaying progress messages:

```
stop prog
```

To stop displaying progress messages on all the CFDP transactions.

- To log messages:

```
log <pathname> <log debug messages (true or false)>
(e.g., log D:/log.txt false)
```

Logs CFDP transaction messages to a file. Debug messages may also be included in the log file for more detailed information about the transaction.

- To stop logging messages:

```
stop log
```

Stops logging CFDP transaction messages to file, closes the file and prepends a GMT time stamp to the name of the file.

- To record statistics snapshot:

```
stat <pathname>
(e.g., stat D:/statistics.csv)
```

Records a snapshot of device statistics once a second and includes current statistics information on all packets that are being received or sent by the device.

- To stop recording statistics snapshot:

stop stat

Stops recording a snapshot of device statistics to a file, closes the file and prepends a GMT time stamp the name of the file.

- To reset statistics:

reset stat

Resets the device statistics information for all devices to zero.

- To record CFDP metrics snapshot:

metric <pathname>  
(e.g., metric D:/metrics.csv)

Records a snapshot of CFDP transaction metrics once a second and includes the completion status and transaction time of each CFDP transaction.

- To stop recording CFDP metrics snapshot:

stop metric

Stops recording a snapshot of CFDP transaction metrics to a file, closes the file and prepends a GMT time stamp to the name of the file.

- To reset CFDP metrics:

reset metric

Resets all CFDP metrics information to zero.

- To reconfigure the CFDP console application:

reconfig <pathname>  
(e.g., reconfig D:/cfdp\_config.txt)

Reconfigures the CFDP console application by cancelling all the current CFDP transactions and configuring the application with the new configuration file.

- To save the CFDP console configuration:

save <pathname>  
(e.g., save D:/cfdp\_config.txt)

Saves the CFDP console configuration parameters to a file. This includes all “put” and “get” primitives in the "put" and "get" lists.

- To display the CFDP console configuration:

display config

Displays the list of CFDP console configuration parameters.

- To display the CFDP console command primitives:

help

Displays the list of CFDP console command primitives.

- To exit application:

exit or quit or q

Exits the CFDP console application.

## 5 Quick Start Guides

This section provides “How Tos” for common functions.

### 5.1 How to Configure the Application

When launching the CFDP console application, include the path and filename of a TReK CFDP configuration file. If no path and filename are provided in the command line, the application attempts to open a configuration file with the default path and filename equal to “./toolkit\_cfdp\_config.txt”. The format of a configuration file is a series of name value pairs that configure the CFDP console application to meet user requirements. One or more spaces separate individual parameters on each line in the file. Table 4 identifies and describes the individual configuration file parameters. The third column identifies the device mode that each parameter supports (the CFDP console application does not simultaneously support both Native CFDP and ION CFDP).

CFDP Configuration File Parameter	Description	Device Mode
CFDP_configuration_version	The configuration file version number. The first parameter in the configuration file must be the version number or TReK CFDP initialization will fail.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP

trek_device_mode	The TReK device mode parameter is set to NATIVE_CFDP if the TReK CFDP library is communicating with GSFC's CFDP library or to ION_CFDP if TReK is communicating with JPL's CFDP library.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
log_messages_in_file	The log messages in file boolean controls message logging. If true, messages are recorded in a log file. The default value is false.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
log_debug_messages	The log debug messages boolean controls logging debug messages. If true, debug messages are recorded in a log file. The default value is false.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
log_file_path	The log file path is the absolute path to the directory where the log file should be written. The default value is the home or user directory.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
log_file_name	The log file name is the name to use for the log file. The default value "toolkit_cfdp_log.txt".	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
record_stat_snapshot_in_file	The record stat snapshot in file boolean controls recording statistics. If "true", a statistic snapshot is recorded in a file. The default value is false.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
record_packet_statistics	The record packet statistics boolean controls recording packet statistics in addition to device statistics. If "true", packet statistics are recorded in a file. The default value is false.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
record_stat_file_path	The record stat file path is the absolute path to the directory where the statistics file should be recorded. The default value is the home or user directory.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
record_stat_file_name	The record stat file name is the name to use for the statistics file. The default value is "toolkit_cfdp_statistics.csv".	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
record_cfdp_metrics_snapshot_in_file	The record CFDP metrics snapshot in file boolean controls recording CFDP metrics. If "true", a CFDP metric snapshot is recorded in a file. The default value is false.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
record_cfdp_metrics_file_path	The record CFDP metrics file path is the absolute path to the directory where the CFDP metrics file should be recorded. The default value is the home or user directory.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
record_cfdp_metrics_file_name	The record CFDP metrics file name is the name to use for the CFDP metrics file. The default value is "toolkit_cfdp_metrics.csv".	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP



support_cfdp_status_requests	The support cfdp status requests boolean enables monitoring the status of CFDP transactions by a user application. If "true", CFDP transaction monitoring is enabled. The default value is false.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
TReK CFDP "put", "get", "filestore" or "message" primitives	Initializes the TReK CFDP primitive lists. An additional CFDP library function (SendAllRequests) must be called prior to processing the lists of primitives. The default primitive lists are empty.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
ack_timeout	The CFDP library sends positive acknowledgment on reception of the end-of-file packet and finished packet. This timeout defines the number of seconds the CFDP library will wait for the ACK packet to arrive prior to retransmitting the end-of-file or finished packet. The default value is 5 seconds.	NATIVE_CFDP
ack_limit	The ACK limit is the number of ack timeouts that may occur prior to cancelling the CFDP transaction. The default value is 10.	NATIVE_CFDP
nak_timeout	The CFDP library sends a NAK packet identifying the CFDP packets that were not received by the CFDP library. This timeout defines the number of seconds the CFDP library will wait for the retransmission of the requested CFDP packets. The default value is 5 seconds.	NATIVE_CFDP
nak_limit	The NAK limit is the number of Nak timeouts that may occur prior to cancelling the CFDP transaction. The default value is 10.	NATIVE_CFDP
inactivity_timeout	The inactivity timeout is the length of time, in seconds, the CFDP library is required to wait between CFDP packet receptions prior to cancelling the CFDP transaction. The default value is 300 seconds.	NATIVE_CFDP
outgoing_file_chunk_size	The outgoing file chunk size is the maximum size, in bytes, of the data zone of the CFDP packets created by the CFDP library. The default value is 16,000 bytes.	NATIVE_CFDP
aggregate_file_transfer_bit_rate	The aggregate file transfer rate represents the maximum transmission rate, in bits per second, of the CFDP packets created by the CFDP library. The default value is 10,000,000 bits/second.	NATIVE_CFDP
socket_queue_size	The UDP socket that is created to receive	NATIVE_CFDP

	CFDP packets may store CFDP packets in a queue prior to the packets being processed by the CFDP library. This queue minimizes the chances of a CFDP packet being dropped due to packet transmission bursts or a temporary CPU spike on the receiving platform. In general, a larger queue size is needed for higher transmission rates. If an unacceptable number of CFDP packet retransmissions is occurring, increasing the queue size or decreasing the file transfer rate may help decrease or eliminate the CFDP packet retransmissions. The default value is 1000.	
transaction_cycle_time_interval	The transaction cycle time interval, in milliseconds, controls the processing rate of CFDP library transactions. Minimizing the cycle time, increases the transaction speed or processing rate. The default and minimum value is 1 millisecond. This value should only be incremented if CPU usage on the host platform is unexpectedly high while idling or while processing a transaction.	NATIVE_CFDP
local_entity_id local_ip_address local_port	The pre-assigned local entity ID integer value and its associated local IP address and local port. Only one local EID entry is supported by the CFDP library. The default local_ip_address value is 127.0.0.1. The default local_port value is 4560.	NATIVE_CFDP
remote_entity_id remote_ip_address remote_port	The pre-assigned remote entity ID integer value and its associated remote IP address and remote port. Multiple remote entity ID entries are supported by the CFDP library.	NATIVE_CFDP
lifespan	The lifespan is the bundle's "time to live" (TTL) in seconds. The bundle is destroyed if its TTL has expired and it has not reached its destination. The default value is 86400.	ION_CFDP
bp_class_of_service	The BP class of service defines the transmission priority of outbound bundles from three ION priority queues corresponding to bulk, standard and expedited priorities. The three BP class of service parameter values are BULK_PRIORITY, STD_PRIORITY and EXPEDITED_PRIORITY. The expedited priority queue must be empty before bundles in the standard or bulk queues are serviced by ION. Therefore, bundles with	ION_CFDP

	EXPEDITED_PRIORITY should only be sent in critical/emergency situations. The default value is STD_PRIORITY.	
expedited_priority_ordinal	The expedited priority ordinal is only associated with the EXPEDITED_PRIORITY class of service. Ordinal values range from 0 (lowest priority) to 254 (highest priority). The default value is 0.	ION_CFDP
transmission_mode	The transmission mode defines the reliability of bundle delivery to a destination. The three transmission mode parameter values are BEST_EFFORT, ASSURED and ASSURED_WITH_CUSTODY_TRANSFER. BEST_EFFORT relies upon the underlying convergence-layer protocol (e.g., Transmission Control Protocol or TCP) to retransmit missing bundles. ASSURED is a step up in reliability and includes BP support in detecting a lost TCP connection and re-forwarding of bundles assumed aborted by the convergence-layer protocol failure. ASSURED_WITH_CUSTODY_TRANSFER requires the reception, by the sending node, of a custody acceptance or refusal signal (packaged in a bundle) from the receiving node. The default value is ASSURED_WITH_CUSTODY_TRANSFER.	ION_CFDP
criticality	A critical bundle is one that has to reach its destination as soon as is physically possible. For this reason, bundles flagged as critical may not include custody transfer and require an ION configuration with contact graph routing. In some cases, a critical bundle may be sent over multiple routes to ensure delivery to its final destination. Critical bundles are placed in the expedited priority queue and should only be used in emergency situations. The two criticality parameters are NOT_CRITICAL and CRITICAL. The default value is NOT_CRITICAL.	ION_CFDP
support_transaction_result_message	The support transaction result boolean enables the generation and transmission of a CFDP transaction result message to the source node. If the source node receives the transaction result message within a designated time window, it will update its transaction status	ION_CFDP

	with the transaction result (e.g., success or fail). If the support transaction result boolean is set to "true" and the result message is not received within a designated time window, the source node's transaction status is set to "unknown". If this boolean is set to "false" and the source node did not experience any problems while transmitting the CFDP transaction request, the final transaction status is set to "finished". This capability is only supported by the TReK CFDP library. Therefore, the TReK CFDP library software must be running on both the source and destination nodes. The default value is true.	
transaction_result_message_timeout	The transaction result message timeout is the length of time, in seconds, the TReK CFDP library will wait for a transaction result message prior to setting the final status of the transaction to "unknown". The default value is 300.	ION_CFDP
display_console_menu	The display console menu boolean controls displaying the console command primitive menu during startup of the console application. The default value is true.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
display_error_messages	The display error messages boolean controls displaying error messages by the CFDP GUI and console applications. If "true", error messages are displayed by the CFDP GUI or console applications. The default value is true.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
display_warning_messages	The display warning messages boolean controls displaying warning messages by the CFDP GUI and console applications. If "true", warning messages are displayed by the CFDP GUI and console applications. The default value is false.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
display_info_messages	The display info messages boolean controls displaying information messages by the CFDP GUI and console applications. If "true", information messages are displayed by the CFDP GUI and console applications. The default value is true.	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP
display_progress_messages	The display progress messages boolean controls displaying progress messages by the CFDP GUI and console applications. If "true", progress messages are displayed by the CFDP GUI and console applications. The default	NATIVE_CFDP ION_CFDP

	value is false.	
display_debug_messages	The display debug messages boolean controls displaying debug messages by the CFDP GUI and console applications. If "true", debug messages are displayed by the CFDP GUI applications. The default value is false.	NATIVE_CFDPION_CFDPI
default_remote_entity_id	The default remote entity ID is used by the CFDP GUI application to save a default value for the remote EID. The default value is blank.	NATIVE_CFDPION_CFDPI
default_destination_command_line	The default destination command line is used by the CFDP GUI application to save a selected default command line destination path from the list of default destination paths. The default value is blank.	NATIVE_CFDPION_CFDPI
default_destination_command_list	The default destination command list is used by the CFDP GUI application to save a selected default command list destination path from the list of default destination paths. The default value is blank.	NATIVE_CFDPION_CFDPI
default_destination_path	The default destination path is used by the CFDP GUI application to save the list of default destination paths. The default value is blank.	NATIVE_CFDPION_CFDPI
gui_command_line_primitive	Used by the CFDP GUI application to save the command line primitive. The default value is blank.	NATIVE_CFDPION_CFDPI

Table 4 TReK CFDP Configuration File Parameters

## 5.2 How to Turn on Message Logging

This section describes how log messages to a file. Message Logging will only capture messages generated after Message Logging is turned on. Any messages generated before message logging was turned on will not appear in the log.

1. Launch the CFDP console application and enter the log command primitive as follows: log <pathname> <log debug messages (true or false)>
2. The log command primitive includes:
  - a. A pathname with the path to the directory of the log file as well as the name for the log file.
  - b. A true or false Boolean identifying whether debug messages are written to the log file.

Alternatively, the CFDP console application may be configured to log messages using the log parameters found in the TReK CFDP configuration file. These parameters include:

1. log\_messages\_in\_file
2. log\_debug\_messages
3. log\_file\_path
4. log\_file\_name

Definitions for each of these TReK CFDP configuration file parameters may be found in section 5.1 Table 4.

### 5.3 How to Turn on Statistics Logging

This section describes how to record a snapshot of device and packet statistics to a user specified file. The snapshot of device and packet statistics is updated once a second with current statistics information at both the device and packet level. Device statistics provides information on all packets that are being received or sent by the device. Packet statistics provides information on the individual packet groups that are being received or sent by the device. The TReK CFDP library does not divide packets into groups so packet statistics mirror device statistics.

1. Launch the CFDP console application and enter the statistics command primitive as follows: stat <pathname>
2. The statistics command primitive includes:
  - a. A pathname with the path to the directory of the statistics file as well as the name for the statistics file.

Alternatively, the CFDP console application may be configured to record a snapshot of statistics using the record statistics parameters found in the TReK CFDP configuration file. These parameters include:

1. record\_stat\_snapshot\_in\_file
2. record\_packet\_statistics
3. record\_stat\_file\_path
4. record\_stat\_file\_name

Definitions for each of these TReK CFDP configuration file parameters may be found in section 5.1 Table 4.

Table 5 identifies and describes the device statistics parameters. Note, ION CFDP relies upon the bundle protocol to assure delivery of file segments therefore, device and packet statistics are not as relevant.

Device Statistics Parameter	Description
Device Key	A character string that uniquely identifies each device.
IP Address	The IP address of the device if it is a socket.
Port (C/L/S)	The port number of the device if it is

	a socket. If the socket is a client socket then the port number will be followed by two '/'. If the client socket is connected to a listener socket, the listener's port number is also listed. If the socket is a server socket then the client port number that is connected to the server is listed first, followed by two '/' and the server's listener port number. If the socket is a listener socket the listener's port number is listed between two '/'.
Protocol	The IP transportation protocol, either TCP or UDP, if the device is a socket.
Segments Rcvd	The number of segments received by the device if the device is a TCP socket.
Pkts Rcvd	The total number of packets received by the device.
Pkts Sent	The total number of packets sent by the device.
Pkt Rcv Rate	The number of packets received by the device in the last second.
Max Pkt Rcv Rate	The maximum packet receive rate experienced by the device.
Kbit Rcv Rate	The number of kilobits received by the device in the last second.
Max Kbit Rcv Rate	The maximum kilobit receive rate experienced by the device.
Pkt Send Rate	The number of packets sent by the device in the last second.
Max Pkt Send Rate	The maximum packet send rate experienced by the device.
Kbit Send Rate	The number of kilobits sent by the device in the last second.
Max Kbit Send Rate	The maximum kilobit send rate experienced by the device.
Pkts Dropped	The total number of packets that were dropped because they could not be temporarily stored in a queue or buffer. The most likely cause of dropped packets is packets arriving at very high packet rates and/or a queue size that is too small.

**Table 5 Device Statistics**

Table 6 identifies and describes the packet statistics parameters for a device.

<b>Packet Statistics Parameter</b>	<b>Description</b>
Packet Key	A character string that uniquely identifies each packet type.
Pkts Rcvd	The total number of packets that are received and identified as this packet type.
Pkts Sent	The total number of packets that are sent and identified as this packet type.
Pkt Rcv Rate	The number of packets received and identified as this packet type in the last second.
Max Pkt Rcv Rate	The maximum packet receive rate experienced by this packet type.
Kbit Rcv Rate	The number of kilobits received and identified as this packet type in the last second.
Max Kbit Rcv Rate	The maximum kilobit receive rate experienced by this packet type.
Pkt Send Rate	The number of packets of this packet type sent in the last second.
Max Pkt Send Rate	The maximum packet send rate experienced by this packet type.
Kbit Send Rate	The number of kilobits of this packet type sent in the last second.
Max Kbit Send Rate	The maximum kilobit send rate experienced by this packet type.
Pkts Dropped	The total number of packets, of this type, that were dropped because they could not be processed by another device. The most likely cause of dropped packets is packets arriving at very high packet rates.
Pkt Seq Errors	The total number of packet sequence errors identified for this packet type. For example, the primary header of the CCSDS packet contains a 14-bit number that is used as a sequence count. For each packet that arrives, the sequence count is compared to the sequence count of the previous packet. If the count is not the next in



	the sequence, the packet sequence error value is incremented.
Max Pkt Seq Error	The maximum packet sequence error experienced by this packet type.

**Table 6 Packet Statistics**

#### 5.4 How to Turn on Metrics Logging

This section describes how to record a snapshot of CFDP metrics to a user specified file. The snapshot of CFDP metrics is updated once a second with the completion status of each CFDP transaction. The CFDP metrics are divided into sending and receiving categories and grouped by file size ranging from less than a one megabyte to over a gigabyte. The metrics include calculations on the number and percent of files sent or received, the minimum, maximum, and average file transfer time and the number and percent of files that required packet retransmission.

1. Launch the CFDP console application and enter the metrics command primitive as follows: `metric <pathname>`
2. The metrics command primitive includes:
  - a. A pathname with the path to the directory of the metrics file as well as the name for the metrics file.

Alternatively, the CFDP console application may be configured to record a snapshot of metrics using the record metrics parameters found in the TReK CFDP configuration file. These parameters include:

1. `record_cfdp_metrics_snapshot_in_file`
2. `record_cfdp_metrics_file_path`
3. `record_cfdp_metrics_file_name`

Definitions for each of these TReK CFDP configuration file parameters may be found in section 5.1 Table 4.

Table 7 identifies and describes the CFDP metrics parameters. Note, ION CFDP relies upon the bundle protocol to assure delivery of file segments therefore, NAK metrics are not relevant.

CFDP Metrics Parameter	Description
File Size (MB)	The minimum and maximum file size, in megabytes, for the group.
Success Count	The number of successful file transfers for the group.
Success %	The percentage of successful file transfers for the group.
Cancel Count	The number of canceled file

	transfers for the group.
Abandon Count	The number of abandoned file transfers for the group.
Fail Count	The number of failed file transfers for the group.
Unknown Count	The number of unknown file transfers for the group.
Min Trans Time (sec)	The minimum successful file transfer time in seconds.
Max Trans Time (sec)	The maximum successful file transfer time in seconds.
Avg Trans Time (sec)	The average successful file transfer time in seconds.
Success W/ NAK Cnt	The number of successful file transfers that required one or more NAK packets.
Success W/ NAK %	The percentage of successful file transfers that required one or more NAK packets.
Min NAK CNT/Trans	The minimum number of NAK packets that had to be transferred for a successful file transfer requiring NAK packets.
Max NAK Cnt/Trans	The maximum number of NAK packets that had to be transferred for a successful file transfer requiring NAK packets.
Avg NAK Cnt/Trans	The average number of NAK packets that had to be transferred for a successful file transfer requiring NAK packets.

Table 7 CFDP Metrics

## 6 Details

This section covers various application details.

### 6.1 Configuration

The CFDP console application may be configured to hide or not display all console application messages by setting the “display” parameters to false. This configuration might be preferable if running as a flight application.

The GUI and default parameters referenced in the configuration file are applicable to the TReK CFDP GUI application and are ignored by the TReK CFDP console application.

The configuration file “support\_cfdp\_status\_requests” parameter should be set to “false” to disable actively monitoring transactions with the TReK CFDP library’s transaction monitoring functions. The TReK CFDP console application does not actively monitor transactions but example code that actively monitors transactions may be found in the TReK CFDP library examples.

The console application may initialize its list of primitives by adding them to the configuration file. Alternatively, the primitive lists may be initialized using the “process” command primitive in the console application.

## **6.2 Transaction**

The CFDP console application uses the TReK CFDP library and TReK Device Service library to provide CFDP functionality. The CFDP console application’s ION CFDP mode may be configured to send a final transaction result message (e.g., success or fail) to the source by setting the “support\_transaction\_result\_message” flag in the console application’s configuration file (see section 5.1 Table 4). Detailed information about CFDP transactions may be found in the TReK CFDP library’s on-line help documentation.

## **6.3 Messages and Message Logging**

The CFDP console application generates a variety of messages throughout the file transfer activity. The messages are categorized by their message severity. Message categories include error messages, warning messages, information messages, progress messages and debug messages. Progress messages provide transaction status information including the size of the file, bytes transferred, percentage complete and transaction state (e.g., sending, receiving, suspend, resume...). Information messages include information on the start of a transaction as well the success or failure of the transaction. The console application may display error, warning, information, progress and debug messages. The display of these messages is controlled by the “display” parameters in the configuration file. The console application may also be configured to log messages. Message logging is controlled by the “log” command primitive or parameters in the configuration file. Logging may be configured to include or exclude debug messages. When logging is turned off using the “stop log” command primitive, the log file name is prepended with a time tag to produce a unique log file name.

# **7 FAQ and Troubleshooting**

This section addresses Frequently Asked Questions and provides tips for troubleshooting common gotchas.

## **7.1 Is There an Easy Way to Transfer the Contents of a Directory?**

Yes. To transfer the contents of a directory, enter the absolute path to the directory. The CFDP application will transfer all the files in the first level of the directory.

Subdirectories will not be transferred. Be sure to include a forward slash '/' at the end of the directory path when entering the absolute path into the Source and Destination fields.

## 7.2 What is class1 and class2?

Class1 and class2 are transmission properties used with Native CFDP. Note: Special thanks to NASA/GSFC for the following user friendly definitions:

“CFDP provides three **Service Classes**. Service **Class 1** simply sends each file; there are no replies from the receiver, nor is there any guarantee of reliable delivery. Service **Class 2** ensures reliable file delivery; any required retransmissions are requested and performed by CFDP. Service **Class 3** provides **Proxy Operations** (e.g. Entity 'A' tells Entity 'B' to make a request of Entity 'C').”

The TReK CFDP application supports Class 1 and Class 2 when configured for Native CFDP. When typing in one of these choices please use **class1** and **class2**.

## 7.3 What is “//”?

“//” is a value used to designate the default set of transmission properties defined in the Configure dialog for ION CFDP. “/” can also be used. When configured for ION CFDP, transmission properties are specified using the Configure dialog and will apply to all CFDP transactions. For more information about transmission properties please reference section 5.1 Table 4.

## 7.4 Source and Destination Constraints

Source and Destinations must be identified using an absolute path. The absolute path name consists of the full path and the file name. The absolute path must meet the following criteria:

- The absolute path must not contain spaces when configured for Native CFDP.
- The absolute path can contain spaces when configured for ION CFDP.
- The absolute path cannot exceed 256 characters (null terminated).
- The size of the file to be transferred must be greater than 0 Bytes.
- The size of the file to be transferred cannot exceed 2.1 Giga Bytes.

## 7.5 My File Starts to Transfer and Then Stops

Chances are the remote entity is unavailable or is not configured as you expected. Check both the Local and Remote entity configurations and ensure the EIDs are correct, the IP address and port information is correct, and both entities are up and running.

## 7.6 Transfer Results When Item Exists At Destination

Transfer results when an item exists at a destination differ based on configuration.

When configured for Native CFDP

If you attempt to “put” an item to a destination on a Windows computer, and the item already exists at the destination, you will see a “cancelled (Filestore rejection)” error message and the item will not be overwritten. If you attempt to “put” an item to a destination on a Linux computer, and the item already exists at the destination, the item will be overwritten.

When configured for ION CFDP

If you attempt to “put” an item to a destination on a Windows computer, and the item already exists at the destination, the “put” transaction status will show “Fail”. If you attempt to “put” an item to a destination on a Linux computer, and the item already exists at the destination, the “put” transaction status will show “Fail”.

**7.7 Important Things To Know When Using The Get Primitive**

The TReK CFDP software provides the capability to "get" or retrieve one or more files from a remote destination. It is important to note that the CFDP Blue Book describes implementation of a "get" as a proxy "put". TReK does not implement a CFDP Blue Book defined proxy "put" function. Therefore, the "get" request will only succeed if both sides of the file delivery transaction are using TReK software. The TReK get function initiates the file transfer process by delivering an equivalent "put" primitive character string to the remote platform's CFDP software. There are some error scenarios in which the initiator of the “get” receives no feedback. Some examples are:

- The get request never reaches the remote platform.
- The requested file(s) do not exist on the remote platform in the location specified in the get request.

If the “get” request reaches the remote platform, the remote platform log file may contain status information regarding the request.

**7.8 How Does Suspend Transactions Work?**When configured for Native CFDP

CFDP suspending transactions by suspending both data transmission and timeout clocks associated with the local platform’s file transfer transactions. The remote platform is not notified of the suspension of file transfer transactions on the local platform and may exceed its timeout limits if the local platform does not resume its file transfer transactions for an extended period of time. If the local file transfer suspension is for an extended period of time, the remote platforms should receive a separate suspend transaction command to avoid exceeding its timeout limits. Both platforms may resume file transfer transactions when they receive separate resume file transfer transaction commands.

When configured for ION CFDP

The ION CFDP application completes its file transfer responsibilities when it hands off to ION's BP application. The handoff may be relatively quick depending on the size of file. The suspend transaction request will not suspend a files transfer after the ION CFDP application hands off a transaction to ION's BP application. The pause transaction request does not affect ION CFDP file reception. The lifespan of the packet bundles must also be considered when pausing for an extended period of time.